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Exercises and Complements for the Introduction to Physics II

for Students

of Biology, Pharmacy and Geoscience

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Exercise 5.

The electrical field of planet Earth is ca. 130 V/m at its surface and points to the center of Earth. Calculate the total charge Q of Earth assuming Earth to be a conducting sphere.

Exercise 6.

A homogeneous line charge with linear charge density $\lambda=3.5$ nC/m extends on the x-axis from x=0 to x=5 m.

- (a) What is the total charge?
- (b) Calculate the electric field on the x-axis at $x_1 = 6$ m and $x_2 = 9$ m.

Exercise 7.

- (a) Calculate the electrostatic potential of the proton at a distance of $1 \cdot 10^{-10}$ m.
- (b) What would be the electrostatic potential energy of the electron-proton system if the distance between electron and proton is $1 \cdot 10^{-10}$ m? Specify the energy in J and eV.
- (c) Compare the result of (b) with the electrostatic potential and the electrostatic potential energy of the electron-proton system with a distance of $5.3 \cdot 10^{-11}$ m (this corresponds to the mean distance between electron and proton in a hydrogen atom.) Specify the energy in J and eV.

Exercise 8.

- (a) What is the field strength of a homogeneous electrical field if an electron is accelerated with $2 \cdot 10^{15}$ m/s²?
- (b) After what time is the velocity of the electron (accelerated by this homogeneous field) $2 \cdot 10^6$ m/s if its velocity at the beginning was $v_0 = 0$ m/s?

Answers:

Exercise 5. (a) $-5.87 \cdot 10^5$ C

Exercise 6. (a) 17.5 nC (b) 26 N/C, 4.4 N/C

<u>Exercise 7.</u> (a) 14.38 V (b) -14.38 eV (c) 27.13 V, -4.3·10^{-18} J

Exercise 8. (a) 11.3 kV/m (b) 1 ns